



September 6, 2013

**VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL**

The Honorable Robert L. McDonnell  
Virginia Governor  
Office of the Governor  
Patrick Henry Building, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor  
1111 East Broad Street  
Richmond, VA 23219

**RE: Potential Liability for Misuse of Federal Grant Funds**

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Dear Governor McDonnell:

We write on behalf of Cause of Action, a non-profit, nonpartisan government accountability organization that uses investigative, legal and communications tools to educate the public on how government transparency and accountability protect economic opportunity for American taxpayers.

The purpose of this letter is to notify the State of Virginia as well as entities, contractors, subgrantees, subrecipients and subcontractors who are utilized in furtherance of a federally-facilitated alternate arrangement exchange with State plan management assistance and/or

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<sup>1</sup> Please do not convey to Cause of Action any information you regard as confidential unless and until a formal lawyer-client relationship has been established, as any such information received will not be treated as confidential or privileged. Cause of Action provides this correspondence and the information contained herein solely as a convenience to Virginia's Office of the Governor, Office of the Attorney General, Office of the Secretary of State, and any other Virginia government offices or related affiliates.

consumer outreach functions,<sup>2</sup> regarding potential liabilities that may apply if any of these entities or their agents misuse the taxpayer funds they receive.

On December 14, 2012, you informed Federal officials that Virginia would not continue to plan for a State-based health insurance exchange.<sup>3</sup> In an effort to market and promote the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) has authorized navigator, assister, application counselor, and other consumer outreach programs (collectively, "Enrollment Assistance Programs") with the stated goal of helping citizens enroll in exchange health plans.<sup>4</sup> On August 14, 2013, thirteen Attorneys General (AG) sent a letter to HHS Secretary Kathleen Sebelius identifying the lack of programmatic safeguards necessary to protect consumers' private healthcare data in these Enrollment Assistance Programs.<sup>5</sup> The AG's letter specifically noted that consumers would "hand over all their individual data to a minimally screened and virtually unaccountable 'counselor'" making consumer privacy a "catch-as-catch-can," and that "without more protections, this is a privacy disaster waiting to happen."<sup>6</sup> These concerns are heightened following a recent report from the HHS Office of Inspector General, which notes that the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) has missed multiple deadlines for analyzing security risks in the Federal Data Services Hub.<sup>7</sup>

On February 14, 2013, you sent a letter to the Center for Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight (CCIIO), a division within HHS, announcing Virginia's intent to perform plan management activities such as collecting and analyzing information on plan rates, benefits, cost-sharing and ensuring plan compliance.<sup>8</sup> To that end, Virginia received \$6,567,803 in Federal Grant Funds through CCIIO.<sup>9</sup> The Planning Grant, in the amount of \$1,000,000, was

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<sup>2</sup> This would include, but not be limited to, any future Federal Grants for Navigators, in-person assisters, certified application counselors, and any Federal funding relating to the Enroll UX2014 program and any application programming interface with the Federal Data Services Hub.

<sup>3</sup> Letter from Gov. Robert L. McDonnell to Kathleen Sebelius, Sec'y, U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs. (December 14, 2012), *available at* <http://www.governor.virginia.gov/utility/docs/HealthcareExchangeLetter.pdf>; *see also* The Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, *State Exchange Profiles: Virginia* (July 12, 2013), *available at* <http://kff.org/health-reform/state-profile/state-exchange-profiles-virginia/>.

<sup>4</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 155.205 (2012) (Consumer assistance tools and programs of an Exchange); 45 C.F.R. § 155.210 (2012) (Navigator program standards).

<sup>5</sup> Letter from Patrick Morrisey, Att'y Gen., State of W. Va., *et al*, to Kathleen Sebelius, Sec'y, U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs. (Aug. 14, 2013) at 2, 5, *available at* [https://www.oag.state.tx.us/newspubs/releases/2013/Letter\\_to\\_HHS\\_re\\_Data\\_Privacy\\_final\\_8\\_14\\_13\\_.pdf](https://www.oag.state.tx.us/newspubs/releases/2013/Letter_to_HHS_re_Data_Privacy_final_8_14_13_.pdf).

<sup>6</sup> *Id.*, at 2, 5.

<sup>7</sup> Letter from Sen. Mitch McConnell, Ranking Member, U.S. Sen., to Marilyn Tavenner, Adm'r, Ctrs. for Medicare & Medicaid Servs. (Aug. 12, 2013), *available at* <http://cnsnews.com/sites/default/files/documents/McConnell%20letter%20to%20CMS.pdf>.

<sup>8</sup> Letter from Gov. Robert L. McDonnell to Sec'y Kathleen Sebelius (February 14, 2013), *available at* <http://cciio.cms.gov/Archive/Technical-Implementation-Letters/va-exchange-letter-02-14-2013.pdf>.

<sup>9</sup> U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs., Ctrs. for Medicare & Medicaid Servs., Ctr. for Consumer Info. & Ins. Oversight, *Virginia Health Insurance Marketplace Grants Awards List*, *available at* <http://www.cms.gov/cciio/Resources/Marketplace-Grants/va.html> (last visited Aug. 30, 2013).

issued to States with initial planning activities related to implementing a State exchange.<sup>10</sup> Virginia also received \$5,567,803 in Level I Establishment Grants.<sup>11</sup> HHS recently announced that Virginia entities will receive \$1,762,025 in Federal funding for the Navigator program<sup>12</sup> in furtherance of the anticipated October 1, 2013 federally-facilitated exchange start date.<sup>13</sup> Entities in your State received 22 awards from HHS's Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) totaling \$2,501,028 for health center outreach and enrollment assistance under the PPACA.<sup>14</sup> In light of these allocated funds provided by HHS, Cause of Action writes to identify potential liability pitfalls Virginia may face when an individual or entity connected to a federally-facilitated exchange makes fraudulent claims.

### **Compliance Risks Associated with the Terms of the Funding Opportunity Announcement**

Any entity receiving Grant Funds through CCIIO is restricted in its use of the funds. As CCIIO's Funding Opportunity Announcement for State Planning and Establishment Grants states, Grant Funds may not be used, for example, toward any other Federal program requirements, to cover certain executive compensation, or to cover costs associated with providing direct services to individuals.<sup>15</sup> States receiving CCIIO Grant Funds are also prohibited from using such funds to improve information technology systems or processes solely related to Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program, or any other State or Federal program's eligibility for such programs.<sup>16</sup>

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<sup>10</sup> U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs., Ctrs. for Medicare & Medicaid Servs., Ctr. for Consumer Info. & Ins. Oversight, *State Planning & Establishment Grants for the Affordable Care Act's Exchanges* (July 29, 2010) [hereinafter *State Planning Grant Funding Announcement*], available at [http://www.cms.gov/CCIIO/Resources/Funding-Opportunities/Downloads/exchange\\_planning\\_grant\\_foa.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/CCIIO/Resources/Funding-Opportunities/Downloads/exchange_planning_grant_foa.pdf).

<sup>11</sup> *Supra*, note 9.

<sup>12</sup> Under 45 C.F.R. § 155.210, each exchange must establish a Navigator program to assist people with healthcare enrollment. State agencies may serve as Navigators. 45 C.F.R. § 155.210(c) (2012). CMS announced the anticipated Navigator Grant recipients on August 15, 2013. Ctrs. For Medicare & Medicaid Servs., Ctr. For Consumer Info. & Ins. Oversight, *Navigator Grant Recipients*, <http://www.cms.gov/CCIIO/Programs-and-Initiatives/Health-Insurance-Marketplaces/Downloads/navigator-list-8-15-2013.pdf>, 1, 25-26 (last visited Aug. 26, 2013).

<sup>13</sup> See U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs., Ctrs. for Medicare & Medicaid Servs., Ctr. for Consumer Info. & Ins. Oversight, *Cooperative Agreement to Support Navigators in Federally-facilitated and State Partnership Exchanges*, 1, 9 (Apr. 9, 2013) [hereinafter *Navigator Grant Funding Announcement*], available at <http://www.cms.gov/CCIIO/Resources/Funding-Opportunities/Downloads/2013-navigator-foa-4-9-2013.pdf>. Navigator grants are being administered by HHS's Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

<sup>14</sup> U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs., Health Res. & Servs. Admin., Virginia: Health Center Outreach & Enrollment Assistance, available at <http://www.hrsa.gov/about/news/2013tables/outreachandenrollment/va.html> (last visited August 26, 2013).

<sup>15</sup> *State Planning Grant Funding Announcement*, *supra* note 10, at 17; see also U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs., Ctrs. for Medicare & Medicaid Servs., Ctr. for Consumer Info. & Ins. Oversight, *Cooperative Agreement to Support the Establishment of the Affordable Care Act's Health Insurance Exchanges*, 1, 36-37 (Nov. 30, 2012) [hereinafter *Establishment Grant Funding Announcement*], available at <http://www.cms.gov/CCIIO/Resources/Funding-Opportunities/Downloads/amended-spring-2012-establishment-foa.pdf>.

<sup>16</sup> *State Planning Grant Funding Announcement*, *supra* note 10, at 17; *Establishment Grant Funding Announcement*, *supra* note 15, at 36-37; see also 2 C.F.R. pt. 225 (2013) regarding cost allocations.

Virginia entities who receive Navigator and/or HRSA PPACA enrollment Grants will also be subject to other Federal restrictions. Neither the Navigator, HRSA Grant Funds nor the Planning and Establishment Grant Funds may be used to cover pre-award costs, to match other Federal Funds, to carry out services that are the responsibility of the Exchange, or to influence the enactment of legislation, appropriations, regulation, administrative action, or Executive order proposed or pending before any Federal, State or local legislature or legislative body.<sup>17</sup> The numerous restrictions HHS and CCIIO have placed on the use of Grant Funds may subject Virginia's contractors, subcontractors, subgrantees and subrecipients to a significant risk of liability under the False Claims Act, as well as subject the State to sanctions imposed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and/or CCIIO, such as restrictions on the use of funds and/or termination of the awards.<sup>18</sup> In the event material misrepresentations are made, criminal charges and fines may also be imposed under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 (2012). If HHS fails to specifically articulate applicable privacy and security requirements for monitoring Enrollment Assistance Programs, there may be considerable uncertainty as to who could be liable if an Enrollment Assistance Program harms a consumer.<sup>19</sup>

### **Compliance with the Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment**

Section 1352 of Title 31 of the United States Code, the Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment, expressly prohibits recipients “of a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement” from using appropriated funds to “influenc[e] or attempt[] to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress” in connection with specified “Federal action[s].”<sup>20</sup> In response to a Senate inquiry concerning HHS Grant Funding under the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Communities Putting Prevention to Work program, the U.S. Department of Justice stated “[t]he Department is committed to investigating all credible allegations of illegal lobbying activity, which strikes at the heart of the democratic process.”<sup>21</sup> To ensure that contractors, subcontractors, subgrantees, and subrecipients comply with Federal law, Virginia bears responsibility for preventing any appropriated Federal Funds from being used for any form of lobbying—direct or grassroots—regarding pending legislation.<sup>22</sup> However, prospective Virginia

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<sup>17</sup> This list is not exhaustive. *See also Navigator Grant Funding Announcement, supra* note 13, at 27; *Establishment Grant Funding Announcement, supra* note 15, at 36-37.

<sup>18</sup> U.S. GOV'T ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE, GAO-13-543, PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT—HHS'S PROCESS FOR AWARDED AND OVERSEEING EXCHANGE AND RATE REVIEW GRANTS TO STATES (May 31, 2013), *available at* <http://www.gao.gov/assets/660/654994.pdf>.

<sup>19</sup> *See* Letter from Patrick Morrissey, *supra* note 5, at 6.

<sup>20</sup> 31 U.S.C. § 1352 (2012).

<sup>21</sup> Letter from Peter J. Kadzik, Principal Deputy Assistant Att'y Gen., U.S. Dep't of Justice, to Sen. Patrick Leahy, Chairman, S. Comm. on the Judiciary (May 7, 2013), 1, 57, *available at* <http://www.judiciary.senate.gov/resources/transcripts/upload/061212QFRs-Holder.pdf>.

<sup>22</sup> 18 U.S.C. § 1913 (2012).

recipients of Navigator Grants “may lobby at their own expense if they can segregate [F]ederal funds from other financial resources used for that purpose.”<sup>23</sup>

### **Compliance with Audit Requirements of OMB Circular A-133**

Any recipient or subrecipient of \$500,000 or more in Federal awards during a single fiscal year must comply with the audit requirements of the Office of Management and Budget’s (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*.<sup>24</sup> The Federal award recipient(s) must identify all Federal awards it receives and expends, establish and maintain internal controls to ensure it is managing the Federal award programs in compliance with all applicable laws, prepare regular financial statements, ensure audits are conducted at the required intervals, and take corrective action on any audit findings.<sup>25</sup> Any Federal award recipient who contracts with a for-profit subrecipient is further responsible for the for-profit subrecipient’s compliance.<sup>26</sup> Such contract must describe the applicable compliance requirements and the for-profit subrecipient’s compliance obligations.<sup>27</sup>

The Federal award recipient must select an auditor to conduct the audit.<sup>28</sup> Upon assessing the Federal award recipient’s financial statements, internal controls, and compliance, the auditor will issue a report describing its findings.<sup>29</sup> The Federal award recipient is then responsible “for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings,” and must prepare a corrective action plan to address any problems identified by the audit.<sup>30</sup> Finally, the Federal award recipient must submit to the OMB’s Federal clearinghouse a reporting package that includes its financial statements, schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, corrective action plan, and the auditor’s reports.<sup>31</sup> If Virginia receives at least \$500,000 in Grant Funds, including Navigator Grants, it must adhere to these requirements. Failure to comply with OMB Circular A-133 may result in suspension of Federal funding and may affect eligibility for future funding.<sup>32</sup>

### **Compliance with Cost Principles of OMB Circular A-87**

State and local entities that receive Federal funding must allocate their expenditures in accordance with OMB Circular A-87, *Costs Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal*

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<sup>23</sup> *Navigator Grant Funding Announcement*, *supra* note 13, at 27.

<sup>24</sup> The Single Audit Act, as amended, applies to non-Federal governmental units, including subrecipients, which receive Federal awards of \$500,000 or more. *See* 31 U.S.C. § 7502 (2012); OFFICE OF MGMT. & BUDGET, EXEC. OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, OMB CIRCULAR No. A-133, AUDITS OF STATES, LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, AND NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS at Subpart B, §§ 200(a), 210(a) (June 26, 2007) [hereinafter OMB CIRCULAR A-133], *available at* [http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/omb/assets/a133/a133\\_revised\\_2007.pdf](http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/omb/assets/a133/a133_revised_2007.pdf).

<sup>25</sup> OMB CIRCULAR A-133, *supra* note 24, § 300.

<sup>26</sup> *Id.* § 210(e).

<sup>27</sup> *Id.*

<sup>28</sup> *Id.* §§ 105, 200, 500.

<sup>29</sup> *Id.* §§ 500, 505, 510.

<sup>30</sup> *Id.* § 315.

<sup>31</sup> 31 U.S.C. § 7502(h) (2012); OMB CIRCULAR A-133, *supra* note 24, § 320(d).

<sup>32</sup> 31 U.S.C. §§ 7501 (2012) *et seq.*

*Governments.*<sup>33</sup> This includes adequately documenting all costs associated with administering the Grant Funds.<sup>34</sup> Recipients must submit a Certificate of Cost Allocation Plan<sup>35</sup> and a Certificate of Indirect Costs,<sup>36</sup> certifying they are in conformance with this OMB Circular.<sup>37</sup> If the recipient submits a false certification, it may be subject for treble damage liability under the False Claims Act. Also, any Federal award recipient that contracts with a commercial organization is subject to the cost principles and procedures of 48 C.F.R. part 31.2. Like OMB Circular A-87, these regulations dictate how a Federal award recipient is allowed to expend funds when contracting with a commercial organization. Specifically, any State that has received Federal Grant Funds to establish an exchange—even if it is currently operated as a federally-facilitated exchange state—may be subject to this regulation if it has contracted with commercial organizations.

Virginia’s federally-facilitated health insurance exchange is subject to this OMB Circular. Moreover, if Virginia elects to transition to a fully State-run exchange and receives Federal funding for the project, it will remain subject to the cost allocation requirements of this OMB Circular.<sup>38</sup> Furthermore, because Virginia received (and has not returned) Federal Grant Funds under the Planning and Establishment Grants, the State may be subject to the cost allocation principles and procedures of 48 C.F.R. part 31.2. Violation of these requirements may subject the State to penalties under 48 C.F.R. § 52.242-3.

### **False Claims Act, Corporate Governance, and Internal Best Practices**

Providing false information to the Federal government is strictly illegal under the Federal False Claims Act.<sup>39</sup> All persons are forbidden from knowingly or willfully falsifying or concealing a material fact, making materially false or fraudulent representations, or using any false writings or documents known to be materially fictitious.<sup>40</sup> Federal law similarly bars anyone from knowingly presenting false claims to any Federal government representative.<sup>41</sup> The Fraud Enforcement and Recovery Act of 2009 (FERA)<sup>42</sup> substantively amended the False Claims Act in the following areas: (1) FERA expanded the scope of the False Claims Act in re-defining a “claim”;<sup>43</sup> (2) FERA eliminated the False Claim Act’s “presentation” requirements;<sup>44</sup> (3) the False Claim Act’s intent requirement was eliminated, such that all that is necessary for liability to attach is that a statement has a “natural tendency to influence, or is capable of influencing the

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<sup>33</sup> OFFICE OF MGMT. & BUDGET, EXEC. OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, OMB CIRCULAR NO. A-87, COST PRINCIPLES FOR STATE, LOCAL, AND INDIAN TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS at 5 (Attachment A, ¶ A(3) (Application)) (May 10, 2004) [hereinafter OMB CIRCULAR A-87], available at [http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars\\_a087\\_2004](http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars_a087_2004).

<sup>34</sup> OMB Circular A-87, *supra*, note 33, at 9 (Attachment A, ¶ C(1) (Basic Guidelines)).

<sup>35</sup> *Id.* at 45 (Attachment C).

<sup>36</sup> *Id.* at 56 (Attachment E).

<sup>37</sup> *Id.* at 12 (Attachment A).

<sup>38</sup> *Id.* at 5 (Attachment A, ¶ A(3) (Application)).

<sup>39</sup> 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729-33 (2012).

<sup>40</sup> 18 U.S.C. § 1001 (2012).

<sup>41</sup> 18 U.S.C. § 287 (2012).

<sup>42</sup> Pub. L. 111-21, S. 386, 123 Stat. 1616 (2009).

<sup>43</sup> 31 U.S.C. § 3729(b)(2) (2012).

<sup>44</sup> *Id.*

payment or receipt of money or property.”<sup>45</sup> The False Claim Act’s conspiracy provisions have also been expanded to include conspiracies to violate other provisions of the False Claims Act.<sup>46</sup> The FERA Amendments also establish an express “materiality” requirement,<sup>47</sup> as well as “reverse false claims” and overpayment “retention” liability.<sup>48</sup> Additionally, a State’s subcontractors may face relator claims under the False Claims Act if the subcontractor misuses Federal funds. Liability for violations under the False Claims Act starts at \$5,500 per occurrence, plus treble damages.<sup>49</sup> Virginia should also evaluate its State False Claims Act law(s), if applicable.

States must also institute procedures to promote compliance with the financial integrity provisions of section 1313 of the PPACA, including requirements related to accounting, reporting, auditing, cooperating with investigators, and adhering to the False Claims Act.<sup>50</sup> A comprehensive strategy to combat fraud will hedge against False Claims Act liabilities and ensure maximal compliance with other laws and regulations.

Absent a comprehensive strategy to combat fraud as required by PPACA § 1313, Virginia may face liability of its own and is at significant risk of reimbursing subcontractors for unlawful activity who may also face relator claims under the False Claims Act if Federal funds are misused.<sup>51</sup> Given the significant taxpayer funds involved and the wide-ranging functions and responsibilities of Virginia as a federally-facilitated alternate arrangement exchange, it is increasingly plausible that health insurers and subcontractors may misrepresent their credentials and that there will be ample opportunity for vigilant whistleblowers to file False Claims Act *qui tam* suits in response.

In conclusion, you may wish to evaluate whether Virginia, its contractors, subcontractors, subgrantees and subrecipients have the oversight capability to ensure that Federal Funds are used in a transparent, accountable, and legally compliant manner. You must promptly refer to the HHS Office of Inspector General any credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, contractor, subrecipient, subcontractor or other person or entity has submitted a false claim under the False Claims Act, or has committed a criminal or civil violation pertaining to fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, gratuity, or similar misconduct involving those funds. The HHS Office of Inspector General can be reached at <http://www.oig.hss.gov/fraud/hotline>.

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<sup>45</sup> *Id.* at § 3729(b)(4).

<sup>46</sup> *Id.* at § 3729(b)(4); §§ 3729(a)(1)(C) and (b)(1-4).

<sup>47</sup> *Id.* at § 3729(a)(1)(C); *see supra*, note 45.

<sup>48</sup> 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(7); § 3729(b)(3); 73 Fed. Reg. 67,064, 67,091 (Nov. 12, 2008) (amending 48 C.F.R. § 9-406-2(b)(1)(vi)(C); 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b(a)(3).

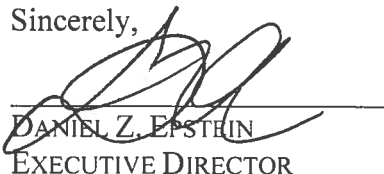
<sup>49</sup> 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a) (2012).

<sup>50</sup> *See Establishment Grant Funding Announcement, supra* note 15, at 52-53.

<sup>51</sup> 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729-33 (2012).

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at 202-499-4232.

Sincerely,



DANIEL Z. EPSTEIN  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

cc: Hon. John Boehner, Speaker of the House  
Hon. Patrick Leahy, Chairman, Senate Committee on the Judiciary  
Hon. Charles Grassley, Ranking Member, Senate Committee on the Judiciary  
Hon. Orrin Hatch, Ranking Member, Senate Committee on Finance  
Hon. Tom Harkin, Chairman, Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions  
Hon. Robert Portman, Ranking Member, Subcommittee on Fiscal Responsibility and Economic Growth, Senate Committee on Finance  
Hon. Lamar Alexander, Ranking Member, Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions  
Hon. Johnny Isakson, Vice Chairman, Senate Select Committee on Ethics  
Hon. Darrell Issa, Chairman, House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform  
Hon. Fred Upton, Chairman, House Committee on Energy and Commerce  
Hon. Elijah Cummings, Ranking Member, House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform  
Hon. Roy Blunt, Ranking Member, Senate Subcommittee on Agriculture, Rural Development, Food & Drug Administration, Senate Committee on Appropriations  
Hon. Michael Enzi, Ranking Member, Senate Subcommittee on Children and Families, Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions  
Hon. Sherrod Brown, Chairman, House Subcommittee on Financial Institutions and Consumer Protection, Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs  
Hon. Kelly Ayotte, Senate Committee on Homeland Security & Governmental Affairs  
Hon. Eric Cantor, Majority Leader  
Hon. Mark R. Warner  
Hon. Tim Kaine  
Hon. Frank Wolf  
Hon. Morgan Griffith  
Hon. Robert Goodlatte, Chairman, House Committee on the Judiciary, Vice Chairman, House Committee on Agriculture  
Hon. Rob Wittman, House Armed Services Committee, Chairman, Readiness Subcommittee  
Hon. Kathleen Sebelius, Secretary, U.S. Department of Health & Human Services  
Hon. Daniel Levinson, Inspector General, U.S. Department of Health & Human Services  
Hon. Peter Kadzik, Principal Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legislative Affairs, U.S. Department of Justice  
Hon. Ken Cuccinelli, Attorney General, State of Virginia



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Hon. Janet Vestal Kelly, Secretary of State, State of Virginia  
Hon. Jacqueline Cunningham, Commissioner of Insurance, State of Virginia